Genome characterization of flatfish alphavirus and its risk to aquaculture

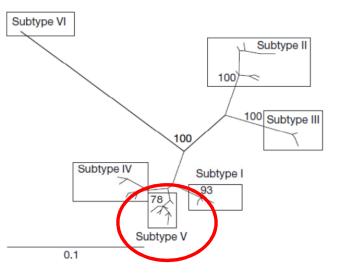




marine scotland science

INTRODUCTION – SAV genotypes

- SAV can be divided into six subtypes based on the partial nsP3 and E2 genes (Fringuelli et al., 2008)
- SAV RNA was detected in tissue of variety of flatfish (common dab, long rough dab, plaice (Snow et al., 2010)



- partial E2 sequence alignment showed 0.3 % variability among Atlantic salmon and common dab SAV sequences and phylogeny confirmed flatfish SAV as type IV-like (Snow et al., 2010)
- replication of dab-derived SAV confirmed in a salmonid-derived cell culture may suggest a wild reservoir of SAV with a direct risk to aquaculture



AIMS OF THE STUDY

- 1. INVESTIGATE COMPLETE GENOME SEQUENCE OF A COMMON DAB-DERIVED ALPHAVIRUS
- 2. DISCUSS A POTENTIAL RISK FROM THIS VIRUS TO SALMONID AQUACULTURE

TOOLS:

 complete non-structural and structural polyprotein sequence comparisons of: a/ SAV type V from common dab

b/ SAV type V from Atlantic salmon

c/ SAV type I from Atlantic salmon



MATERIALS & METHODS

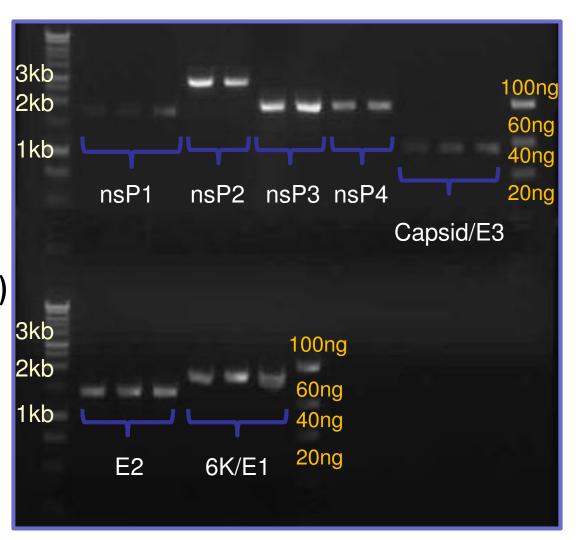
- Total RNA extraction from heart tissue (RNeasy Minikit, Qiagen), cDNA synthesis (Applied Biosystems)
- seven overlapping PCR (proof-reading polymerase) (KOD Hot Start DNA polymerase, Merck) in triplicate reaction
- PCR product purification (MinElute gel extraction kit, Qiagen)
- 60 ng purified product sequenced in both directions (GenomeLab DTCS Quick Start Kit, CEQ8800 DNA Sequencer, Beckman Coulter)
- sequences analysed in Sequencher software (Gene Codes) and aligned using ClustalW implemented in BioEdit (Hall, 1999)



RESULTS

Amplification of SAV V viral genes:

- Common dab SAV V
- isolates 2010/0684 (heart)
- •Atlantic salmon SAV V – isolate 4638 (passage no. 5)





<u>NON-STRUCTURAL GENES – nucleic acid comparison:</u>

• 7800 bp, resembles identical genome organization as F93-125 (accession number AJ316244, Weston et al., 2002)

Gene	% similarity	No. differences		
nsP1:	99.5 %	9 bp (3 bp deletion)		
nsP2:	99.2 %	21 bp		
nsP3:	99.0 %	16 bp		
nsP4:	99.4 %	11 bp		

Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type I:

Gene % similarity		No. differences		
nsP1:	96.6 %	58 bp		
nsP2:	96.2 %	98 bp		
nsP3:	93.9 %	105 bp (3 bp deletion)		
nsP4:	95.9 %	75 bp		



NON-STRUCTURAL GENES – amino acid comparison:

• 2600 amino acids

Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type V:	Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type I:				
Gene % similarity No. differences conserv/semi-con/non-con	Gene % similarity No. differences conserv/semi-con/non-con				
nsP1: 99.5 % 2/0/1	nsP1: 97.3 % 8/4/3 (glutamic acid del)				
nsP2: 99.3 % 5/1/0	nsP2: 98.7 % 11/3/2				
nsP3: 99.6 % 0/2/0	nsP3: 94.2 % 9/13/11 (arginine ins)				
nsP4: 99.5 % 1/2/0	nsP4: 98.5 % 2/5/2				



STRUCTURAL GENES – nucleic acid comparison:

• 3963 bp, resembles identical genome organization as F93-125 (accession number AJ316244, Weston et al., 2002)

Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type V:			Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type I:			
Gene % similarity No. differences			Gene % similarity No. differences			
capsid:	99.2 %	7 bp		capsid:	96.2 %	32 bp
E3:	98.6 %	3 bp		E3:	95.8 %	9 bp
E2:	99.1 %	12 bp		E2:	94.6 %	68 bp
6K:	99.0 %	2 bp		6K:	98.5 %	3 bp
E1:	99.6 %	6 bp		E1:	97.7 %	32 bp



STRUCTURAL GENES – amino acid comparison:

• 1321 amino acids

Dab SA	Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type V:			Dab SAV vs. Salmon SAV type I:			
Gene %	Gene % similarity No. differences			Gene % similarity No. differences			
conserv/semi-con/non-con			1	conserv/semi-con/non-con			
capsid:	100 %			capsid:	97.9 %	1/3/2	
E3:	100 %			E3:	97.2 %	1/1/0	
E2:	99.8 %	0/0/1		E2:	97.2 %	5/5/3	
6K:	98.5 %	0/1/0		6K:	100 %		
E1:	99.3 %	2/0/1		E1:	99.7 %	2/1/1	

SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION

BOTH POLYPROTEINS COMPARISON:

overall similarity between dab-derived SAV and salmon SAV type V

99.3 % nucleic acid similarity 99.5 % amino acid similarity

overall similarity between dab-derived SAV and salmon SAV type I

95.9 % nucleic acid similarity 97.5 % amino acid similarity





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SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION

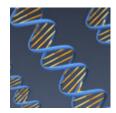
 dab-derived SAV posses a <u>high risk to Atlantic salmon aquaculture</u> due to high level of similarities in the complete polyprotein sequences – <u>SAV type V</u>

• NON-STRUCTURAL GENES: <u>main differences in nsP3</u>, function poorly understood but can have effect on RNA synthesis and virus replication

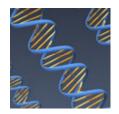
• STRUCTURAL GENES: <u>main differences in E2</u>, might effect binding to the host receptors (viral entry), or due to differences in antibody recognition epitope there might be differences in which host system recognizes SAV type I and SAV type V



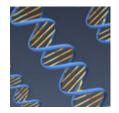
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



MSS Scotia Cruise members and staff involved in the flatfish disease survey



MSS Virology group staff (Sarah Weir, Warren Murray) for support with the tissue culture



MSS Molecular Genetics group staff (Darryl McLennan) for sequencing support

